Rainwater Harvesting in Cincinnati: A Sewer District's Perspective

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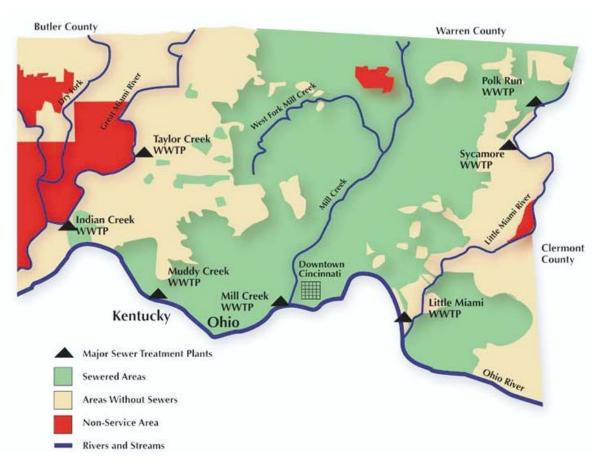
The Metropolitan Sewer District of Greater Cincinnati



April 24, 2013



MSD's Sewer Network



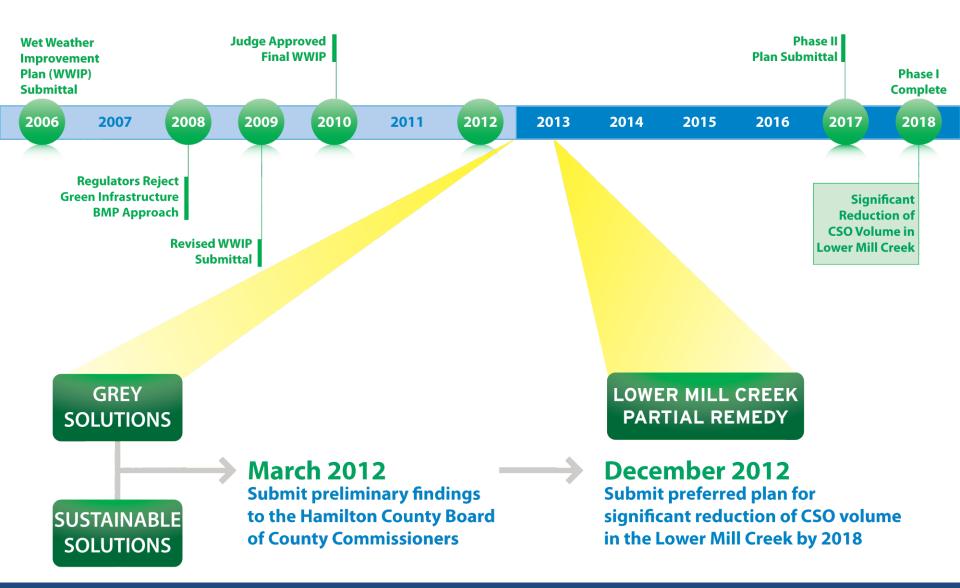
- Publicly Owned &
 Operated Wastewater
 Utility Serving
 Southwest Ohio
 (Hamilton County)
- Serves a Population of about 855,000
 - 230,000 Residential and 250 Industrial Users
 - Operates 7 Wastewater
 Treatment Plants;
 treating 70 Billion
 Gallons/yr

MSD's Environmental Challenge



212 Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) Locations78 Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs) Locations

History of Consent Decree

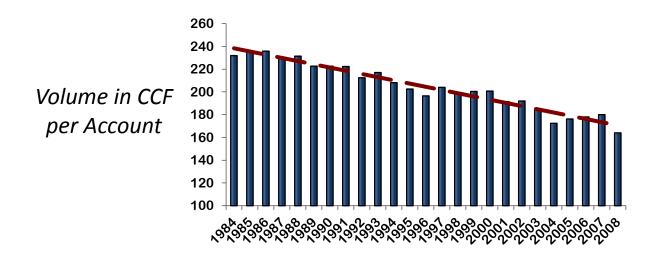


Why is Rainwater Harvesting Important to MSD?

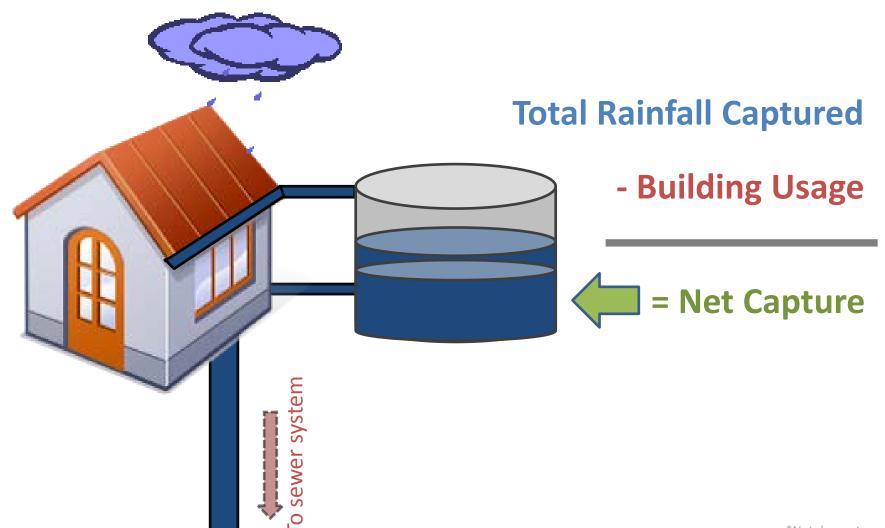
- Capturing some or all of the rainwater that hits a building's roof or other on-site impervious surfaces reduces peak stormwater flows in the combined sewer system
- Reduced peak flows lessen the strain on MSD's collection system during rain events, which can reduce the likelihood of CSOs and thereby reduce total overflow volume
- MSD is under a federal consent decree to reduce CSOs
- Potential for public-private partnerships and raising community awareness about stormwater

Concerns & Future Challenges

- Trends of declining number of accounts and declining usage per account (revenue stability)
- When rainwater harvesting is implemented, need to ensure accurate billing for sewer treatment services provided (revenue stability and treatment capacity)



Simplified Rainwater Harvesting Diagram



MSD's 3 Prong Approach to Sustainable Infrastructure Solutions

Direct Impact Projects

- Large & Regional Scale business case evaluations
- MSD as the implementer
- 100% ratepayer funded
- Owned and operated by MSD to support its core mission
 - Remove liability of stormwater





- Anticipated annual stormwater runoff capture volume of 40 MG
- MSD partners with property owners to offset the cost of installation
- Integrated Bioinfiltration practices, green roofs, pervious/porous paving as part of watershed solutions



Inform & Influence

WATERSHEDS

- Programmatic Elements to support sustainable infrastructure solutions
- Advisory Committee
- Comprehensive Plan
- Land Development Code Updates





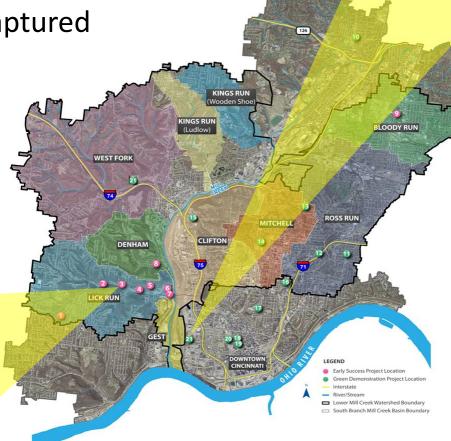
Enabled Impact Projects

 Over 30 public/private green infrastructure projects throughout the Lower Mill Creek watershed

 Over 40 MG stormwater captured per year (already installed)

 Example of how public and private benefits can be realized by sustainable projects





Rainwater Harvesting- Complementary Programs

- Green Roof Loan Program
 - Partnership with Cincinnati Office of Environmental Quality (OEQ) and Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA)
 - Low-interest loans for green roof construction
- o Rain Barrels
 - 55-gallon barrels available for purchase through MSD







Taft Information Technology High School: A 32,000-square foot shallow vegetative roof was installed on the roof of the Taft Information Technology High School.

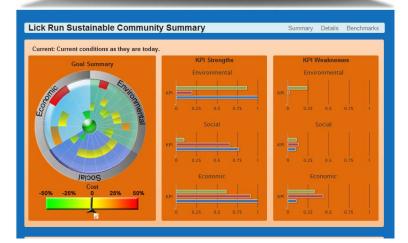
Sustainability LENS

Currently developing planning tools to help facilitate private investments

- Screening and benchmarking tool
- Promotes integrated planning solutions within a watershed context in support of sustainable separation
- Evaluation of green and gray infrastructure for wet weather improvement program using sustainability
 - o Economic viability
 - Environmental stewardship
 - Social values
- Sustainable LENS will include:
 - Integration of water quality & quantity goals & needs
 - Maintain or enhance environment through a technology-based solutions
 - Promotes environment protection, economic growth, and enhance quality of life

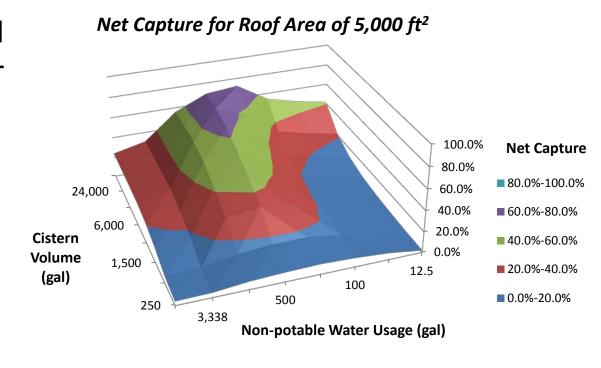


Cincinnati MSD



Modeling Effectiveness & Maximizing Benefits

- Currently developing planning tool/model to simulate peak flow reduction benefits paired with private benefits of rainwater harvesting systems
- Sample (Excel) model output based on user inputs of roof size, daily non-potable water use, and proposed cistern size
- Can help minimize
 \$/gallon invested by
 building owners



Axes not to scale

Rainwater Harvesting Legislation Process

- GCWW, the City Planning and Buildings and City Health Departments, and other stakeholders w/ MSD
 - Task force led to the adoption of the new rainwater harvesting legislation

Considerations for broader use

- Rainwater harvesting systems
 - Potentially removing metering requirements and establishing a flat billing structure for single-family homes
- Commercial users
 - Specifications for ensuring adequate billing of use – i.e. require user to install and maintain calibrated metering system



Moving Forward

- MSD along with other stakeholders will continue to educate residents and business owners about the joint benefits to them and to MSD that can be realized through rainwater harvesting
- Assistance is available to anyone who has questions about the new legislation and what opportunities are available for their home or business



THANK YOU



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www.projectgroundwork.org